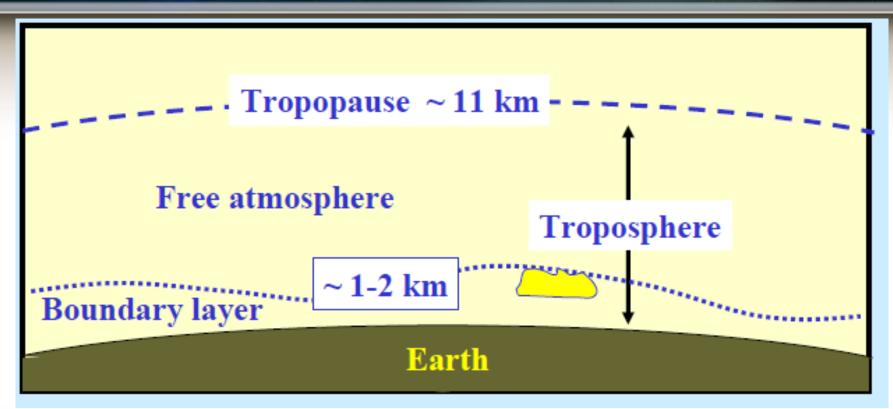


Outline

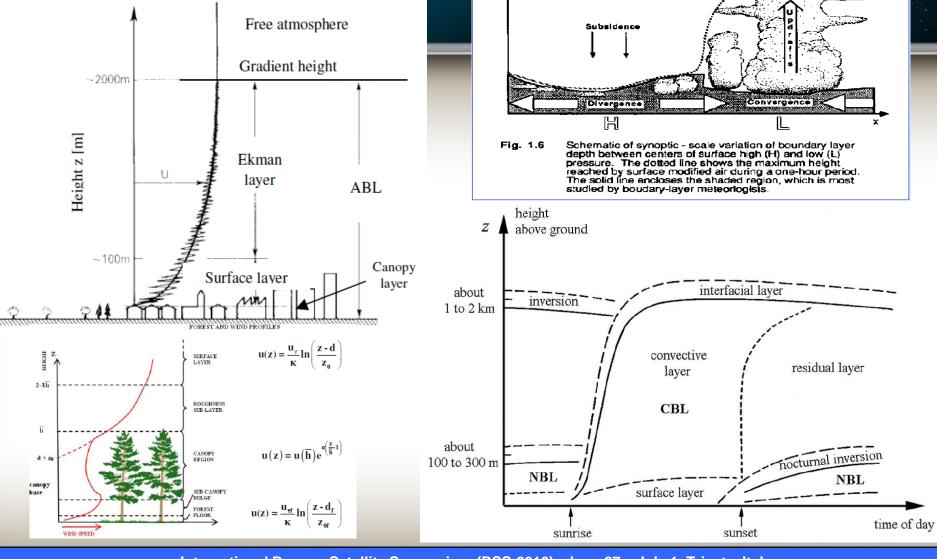
- Atmosphere boundary layer (ABL): determination and morphology
- Aerosols and radon in BL
- The Global Electric Circuit (GEC) and preearthquake effects in the ionosphere modeling
- Local time dependence of the ionospheric precursors
- Case studies and conclusions

Atmospheric Boundary Layer



The boundary layer is that part of the troposphere that is directly influenced by the presence of the earth's surface, and responds to surface forcing with a timescale of about an hour or less.

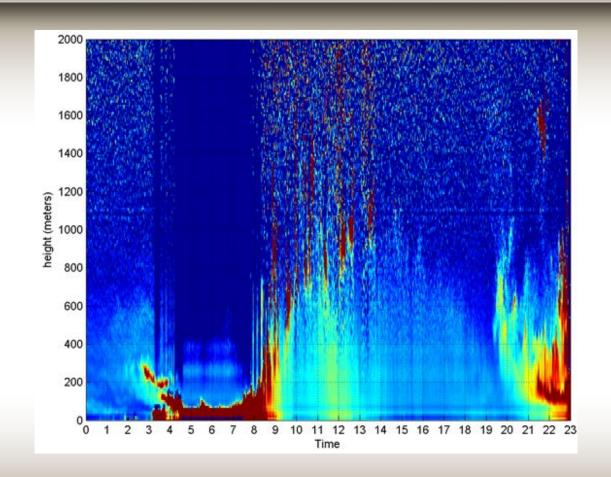
Structure and LT evolution of ABL



Miximg height assesment



Figure 1: Vaisala Ceilometer CL31 and its single lens optical concept.

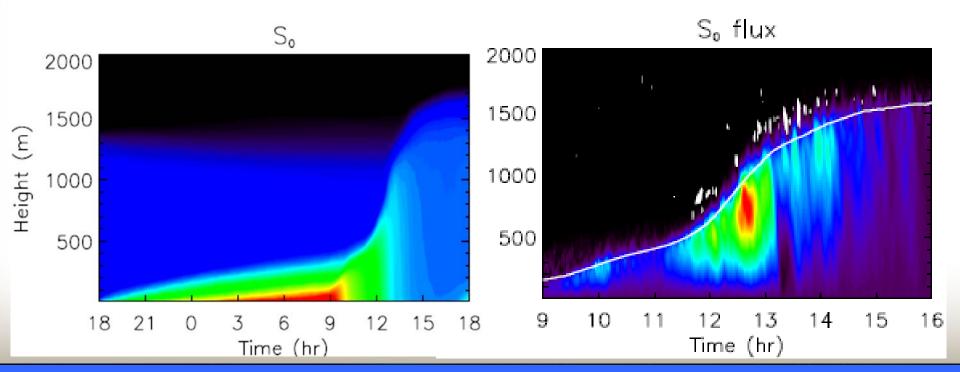


Radon in boundary layer

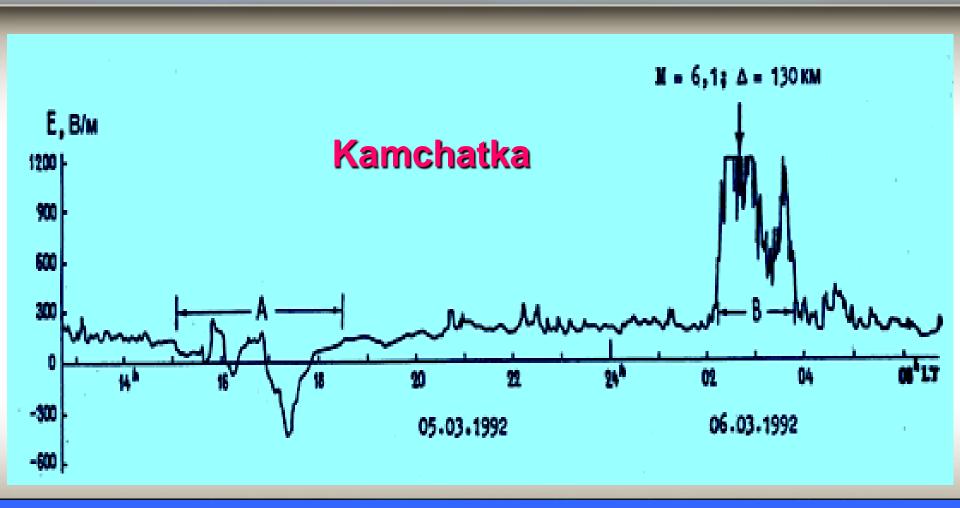
The diurnal evolution of ²²²Rn and its progeny in the atmospheric boundary layer during the Wangara experiment Chemistry

and Physics

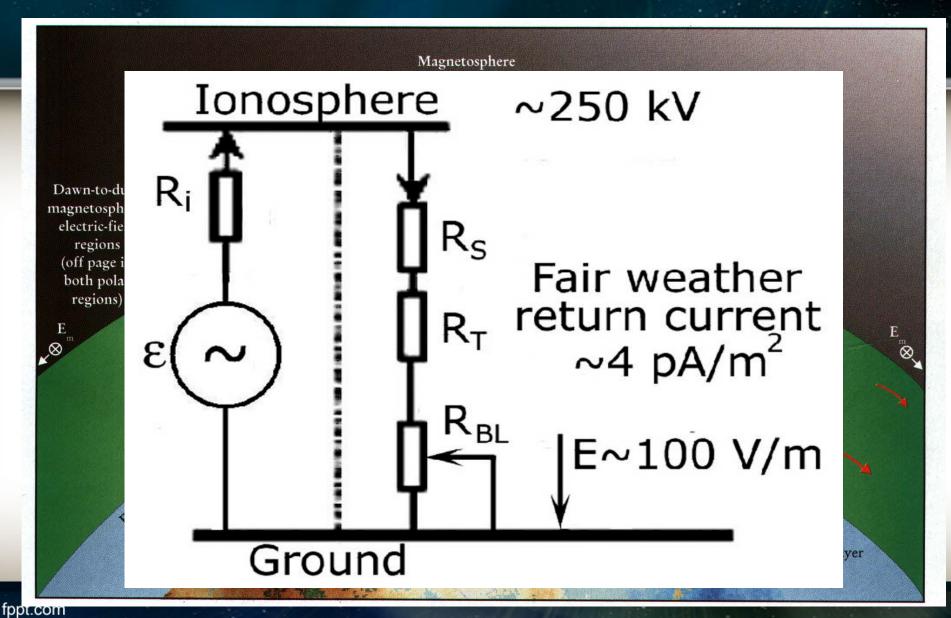
J.-F. Vinuesa¹, S. Basu², and S. Galmarini¹ Atmos. Chem. Phys., 7, 5003-5019, 2007



Electric field registered before M6.1 earthquake at Kamchatka

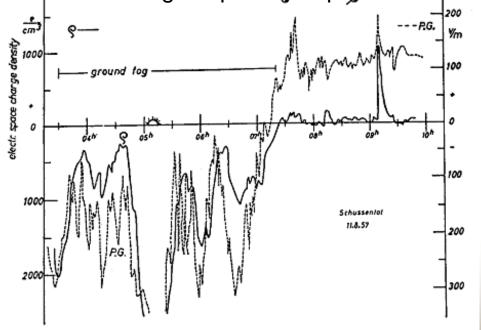


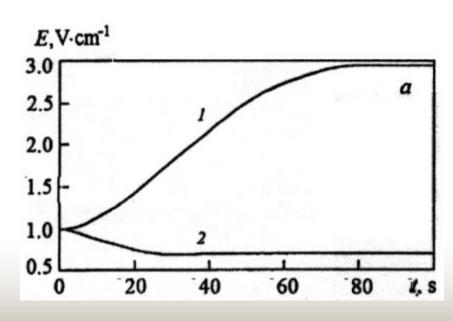
Clobal Electric Circuit concept



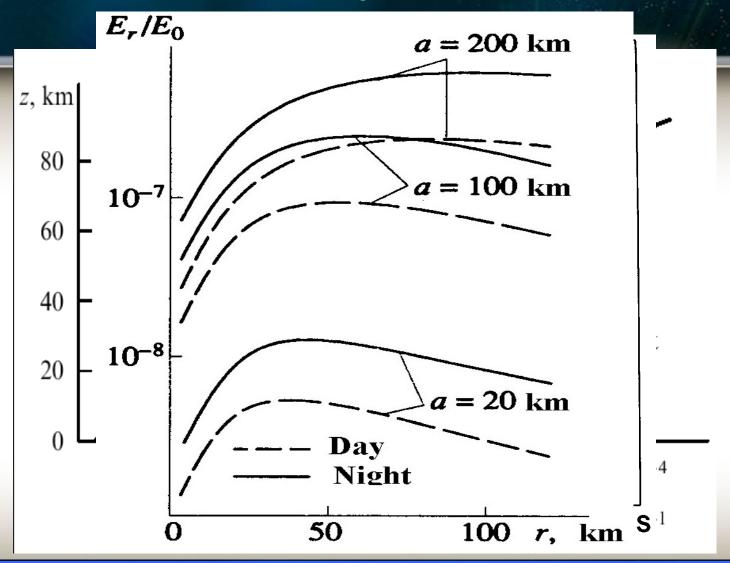
Electric field generation mechanism

It is shown that if the ion-ion recombination velocity of the cluster ions H+(H2O)5, H+(H2O)6, N+(H2O), O8+, CO3-(H2O) и NO2-(H2O) is by 3-4 order magnitude lower than the standard Langevin ion-ion recombination constant which is 2·10⁻⁶ sm³/s, in conditions of ionization velocity in wet air (mist) of order 10 sm-3s-1 it is possible to provide the charge separation up to vertical electric field values of order of several kV/m.

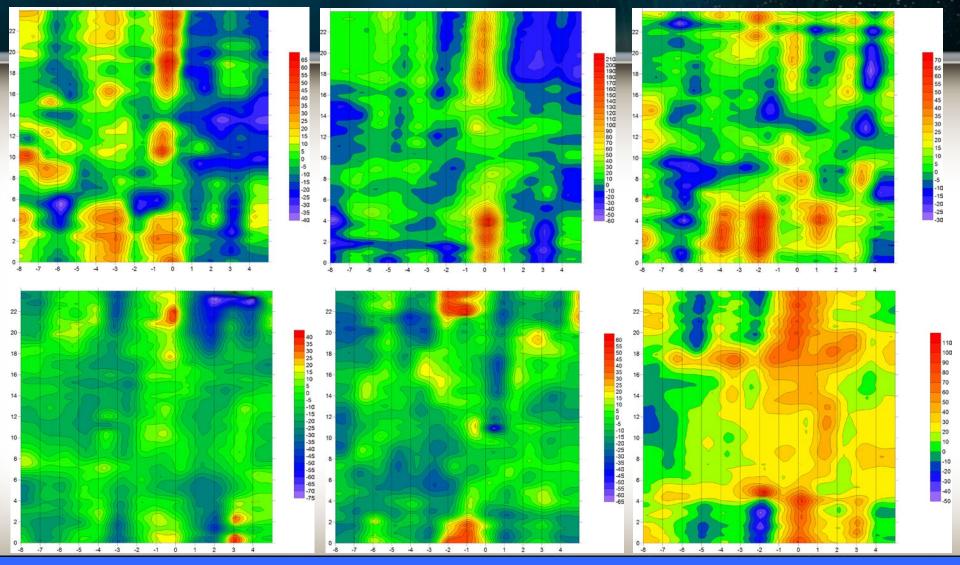




Electric field penetration into the ionosphere

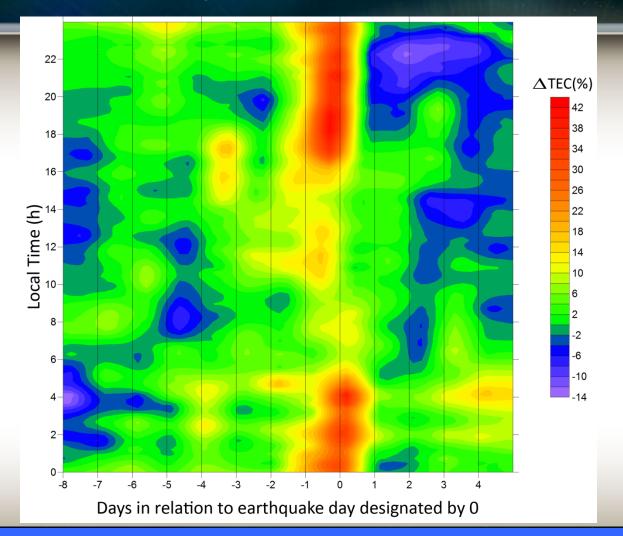


Night-time positive anomalies before M>6 earthquakes in Greece

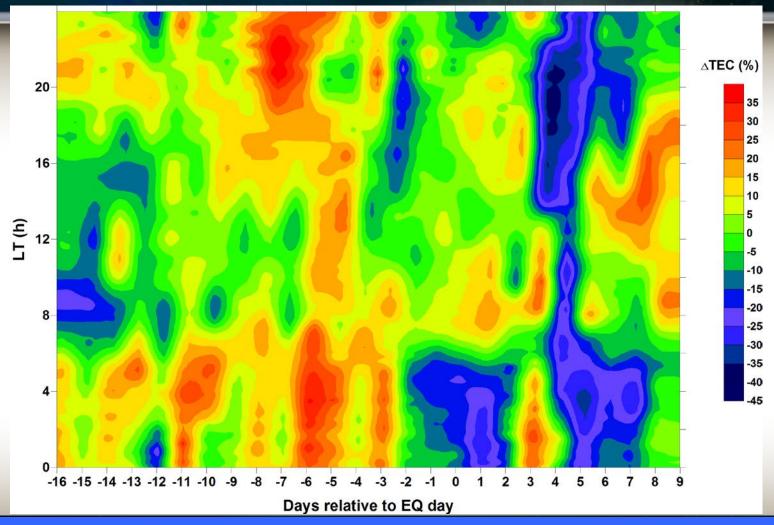


International Beacon Satellite Symposium (BSS-2016), June 27 – July 1, Trieste, Italy

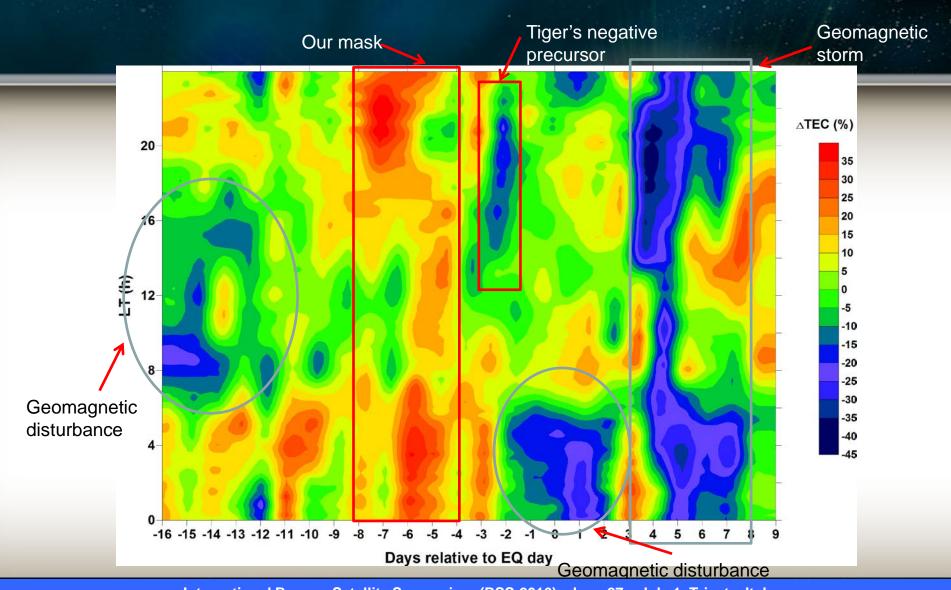
Mask of the night-time ionospheric precursor



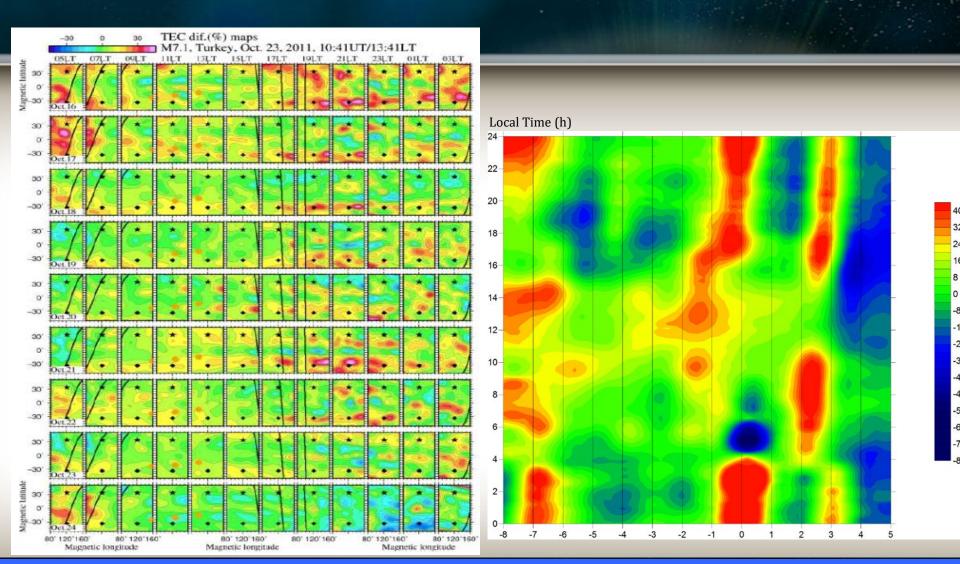
South Napa M6 earthquake 24 August 2014 in California, USA



Interpretation of Napa mask



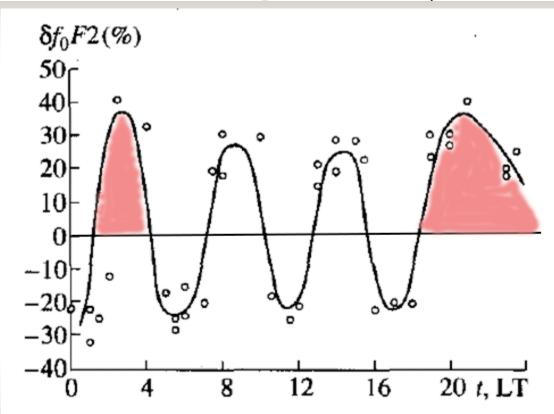
Van earthquake, M7.1, Turkey



Local-Time Dependence of Seismo-Ionospheric Variations at the F-Layer Maximum

S. A. Pulinets, A. D. Legen'ka, and T. I. Zelenova

Geomagnetism and Aeronomy, Vol. 38, No. 3, 1998, pp. 400-402.



Conclusions

- ✓ ABL pinned to the ground surface during night-time create conditions for large concentration of radon, large rate of ionization, large ion's concentration and formation of large surface negative charge
- ✓ All this creates the favorable conditions for the anomalous electric field penetration into ionosphere and formation of positive anomalies before earthquakes
- ✓ Effect stability permits to use it as a practical application for the short-term earthquake forecast